# Analysis method: study images at different scales

#### In particular:

- determine image content at different scales
- which information "lives" at different scales?
- find local hierarchical relationships governing information at these scales

### Determine information at different scales



#### Determine information at different scales







#### Determine information at different scales



and find the difference

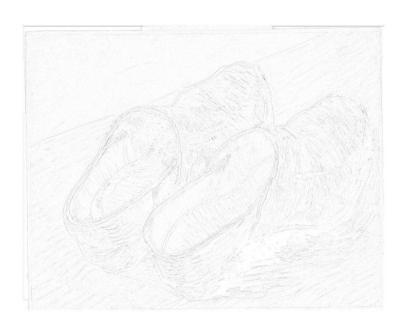
blur



#### Determine information at different Scales





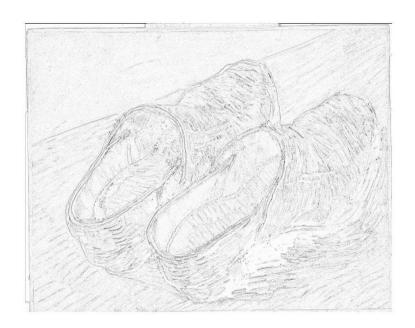


Difference = A - B

#### Determine information at different Scales

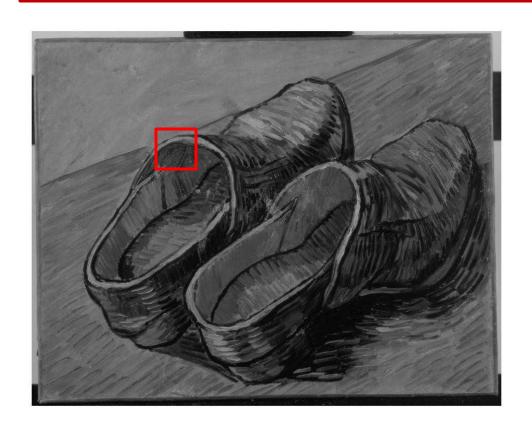


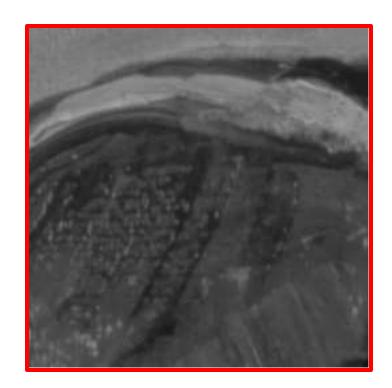


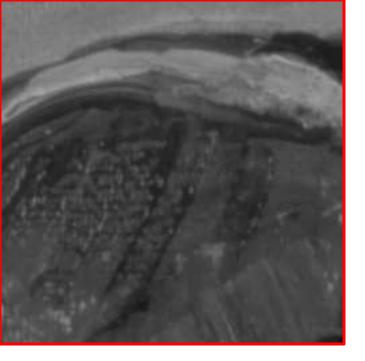


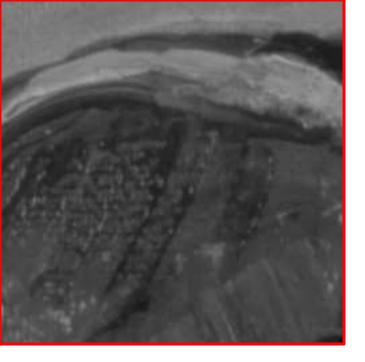
Difference = A - B

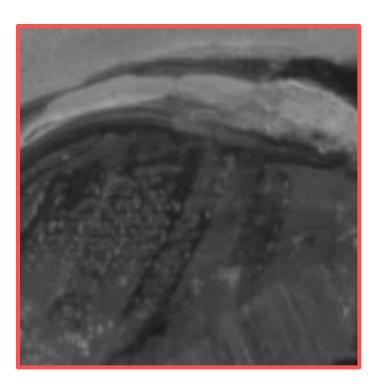
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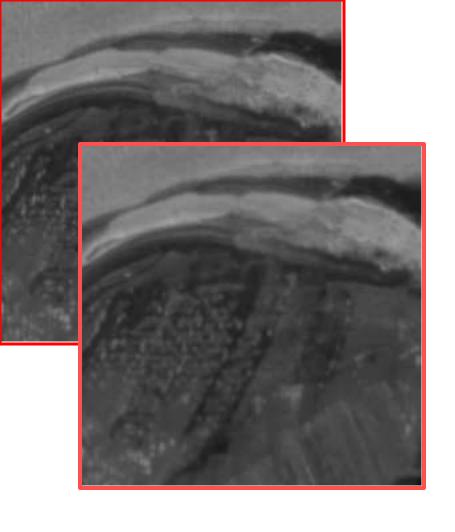


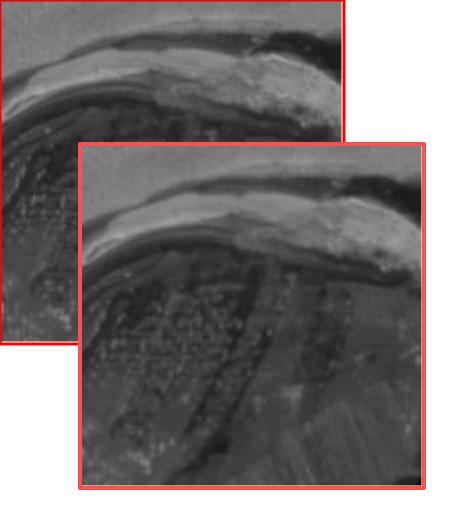


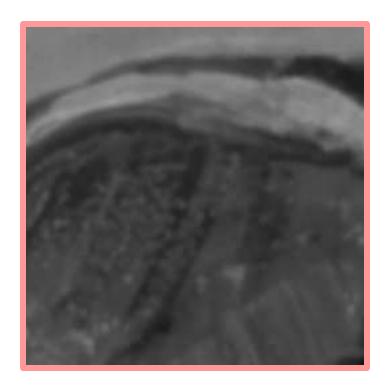


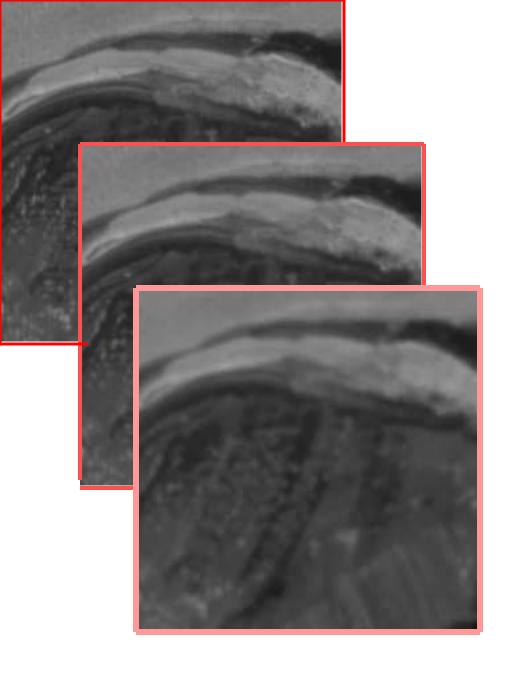


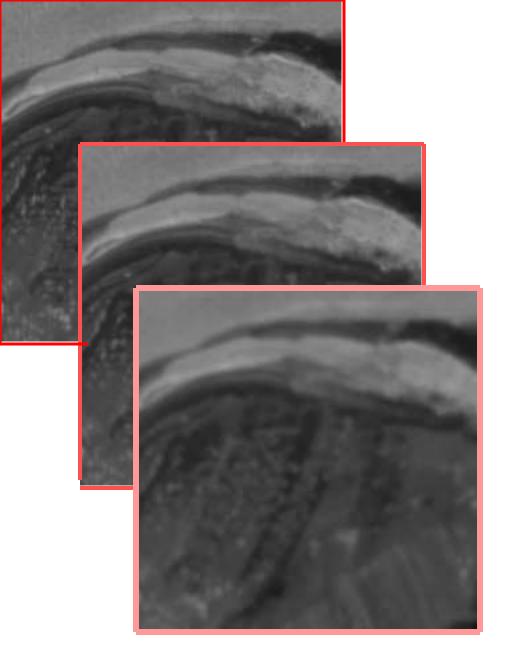


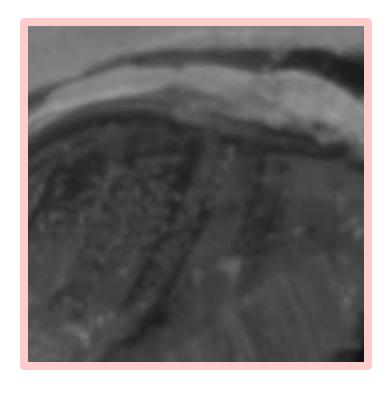


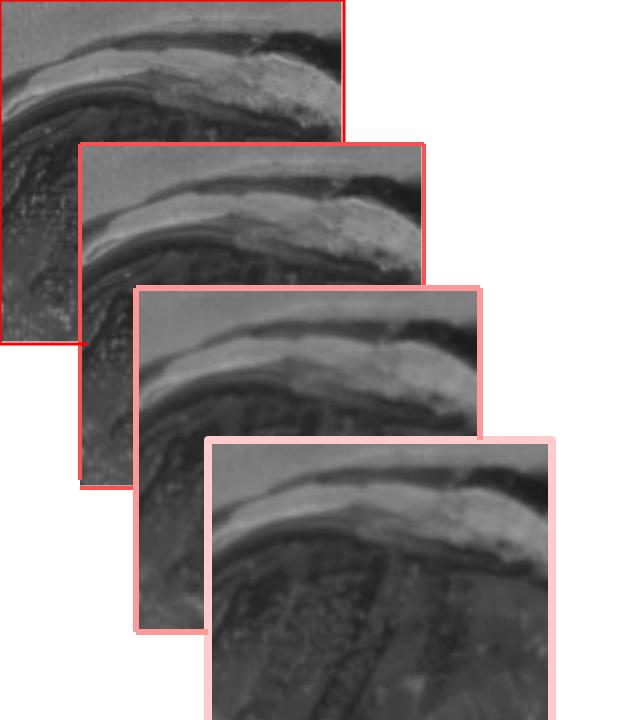


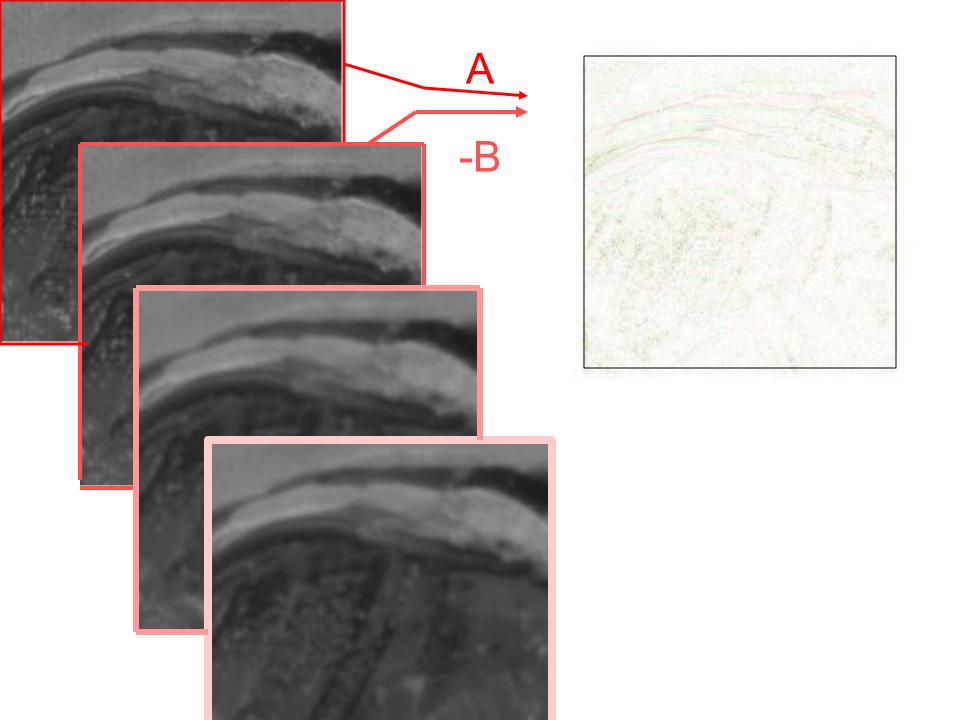


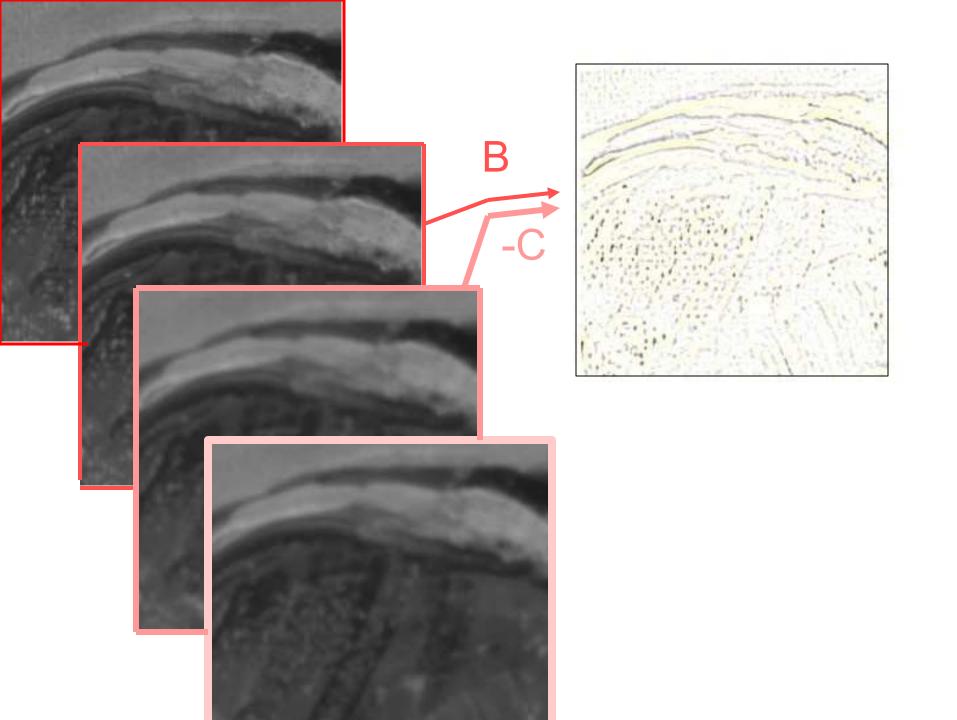


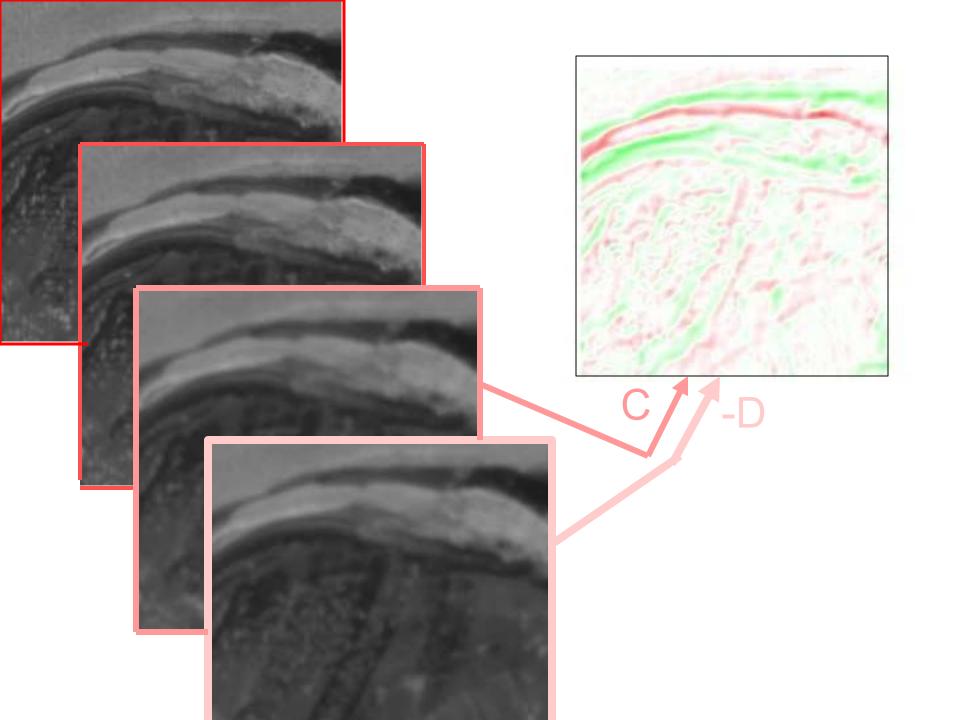






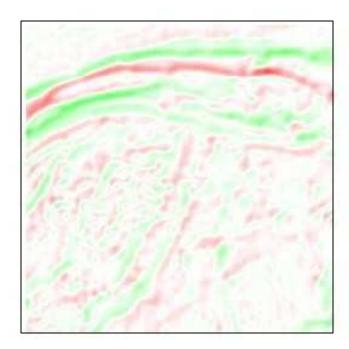


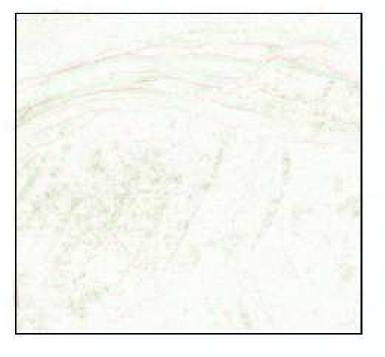


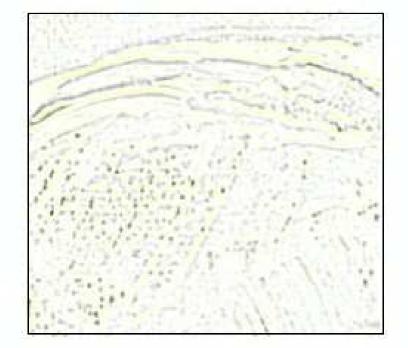


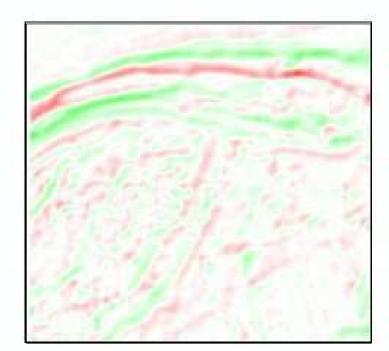


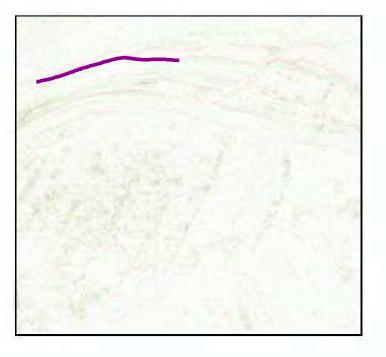


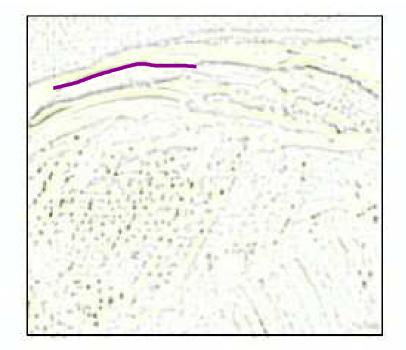


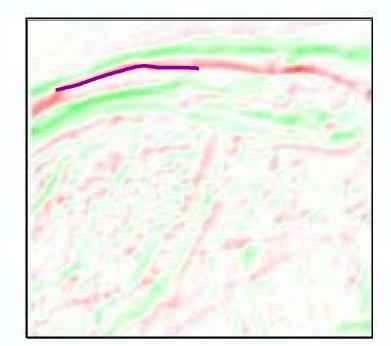




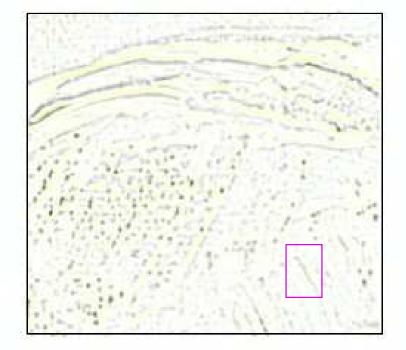


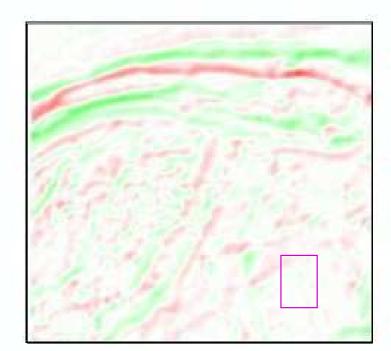












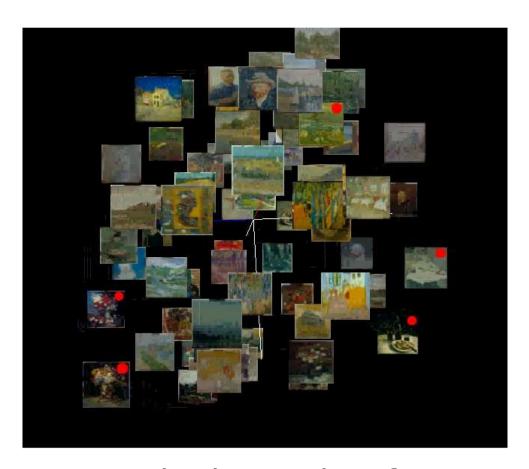






# Stylistic Analysis

Tried to characterize Van Gogh vs. others



this separated other artists from Van Gogh.

# Stylistic Analysis

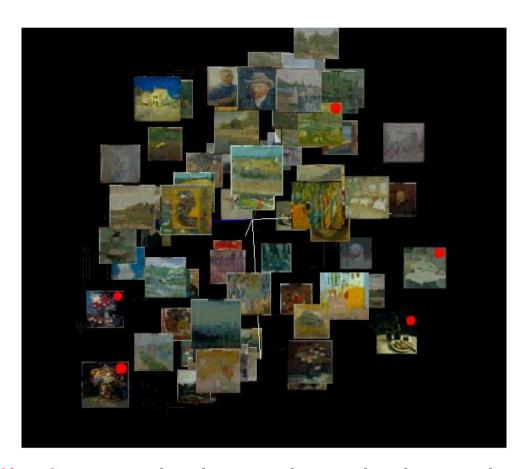
Tried to characterize Van Gogh vs. others

(show movie VG\_swirling\_2.avi if possible)

this separated other artists from Van Gogh.

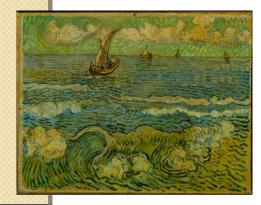
## Stylistic Analysis

Tried to characterize Van Gogh vs. others



this failed on paintings that imitated VG's style

- Eric Postma's earlier work:
  - "copies have more wavelets in their decomposition"

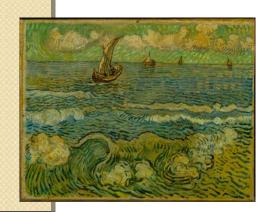




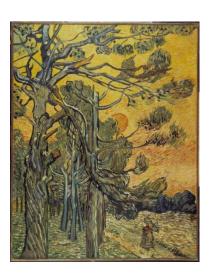




- Eric Postma's earlier work:
  - "copies have more wavelets in their decomposition"
- More wavelets means more high scale wavelets

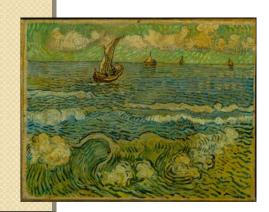








- Eric Postma's earlier work:
  - "copies have more wavelets in their decomposition"
- More wavelets means more high scale wavelets
- Check for finest scales!

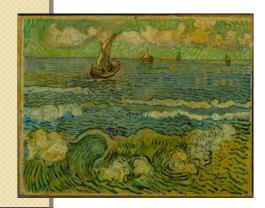








• In paintings that are copies (regardless of who does the copying) or that are more "hesitating", there is a much larger concentration in the finest scales









## The NOVA Challenge

 This allowed us to distinguish a copy by Charlotte Caspers from 5 original Van Goghs.











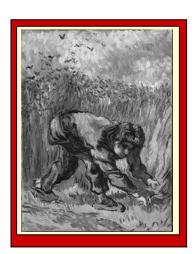


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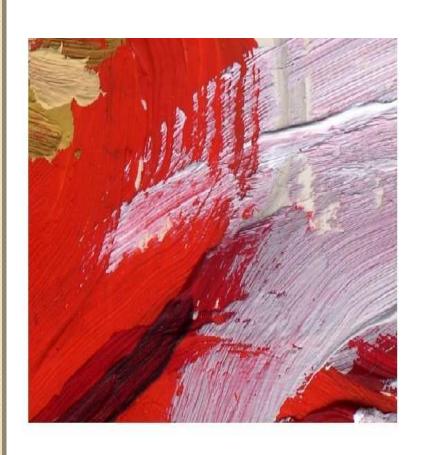


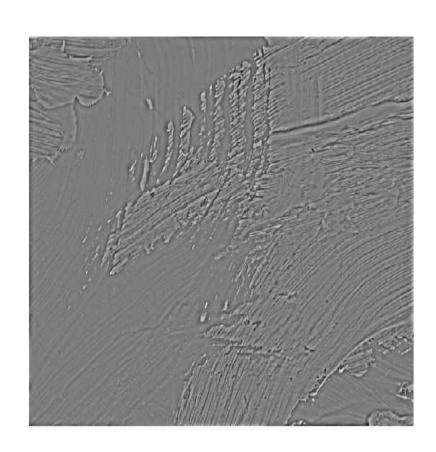






### What is Fine Scale Detail?





### Work on Expanded Dataset

 Measured fine scale detail on this year's expanded dataset.

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WHY?

### Sharpness

- Eric Postma recently purchased a new slide scanner, on which the new images were scanned.
- New images are crisper than our old ones.

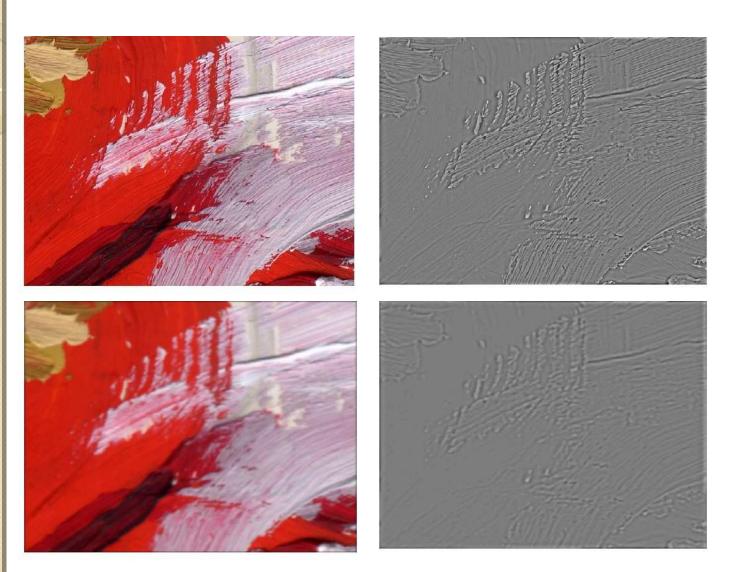


Section of Previously Scanned



Section of Newly Scanned

#### Effect of Blur on Fine Scale Detail

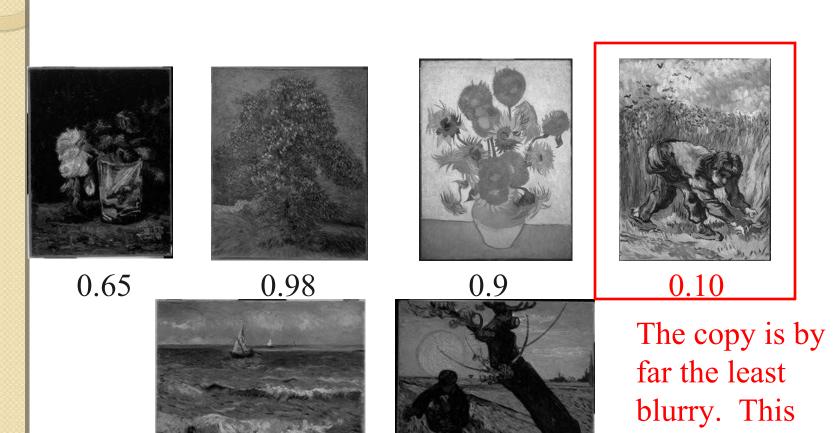


Blurry pictures have less fine scale detail.

## Measuring Blur

0.93

• Measured blur **quantitatively** in previous sets of paintings examined. For the NOVA 6:



0.90

unfairly helped

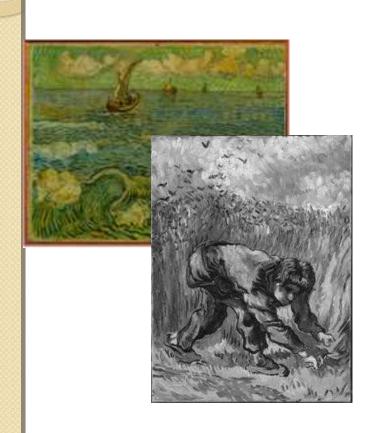
us detect it ...

### A Fairer Test

Copies

Vs.

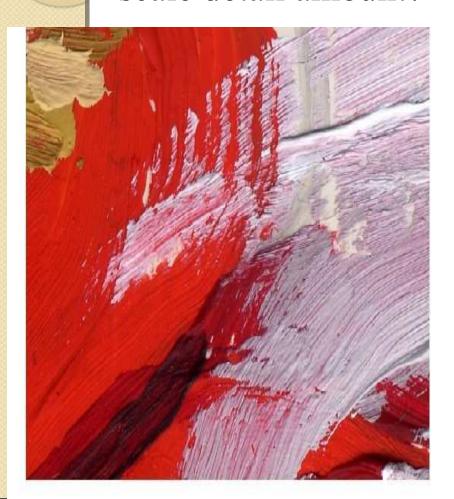
Originals of Similar Blur

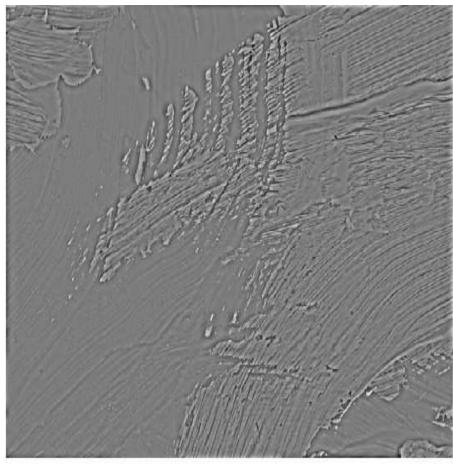




### Methods to Overcome Blur

What are we trying to characterize by measuring fine scale detail amount?





#### Methods to Overcome Blur

- Idea: Classify different TYPES of fine scale details:
- compositional edges that will always be present
- wobbles

## Results of Two Approaches

Measure only weight of very finest scales:

• Correct 87% of the time on test set.

Does not generalize well to other copies: Does not do well on \$506.

- Use more sophisticated wavelet features:
- Correct 90% of the time on test set.

Generalizes well to other copies:

Classifies 87% of S506 correctly.

#### A Second Validation Test

- We asked Charlotte Caspers to paint a series of pairs of small paintings
- In each pair: one original one copy
- Different pairs painted with different brushes, paint, background, ...

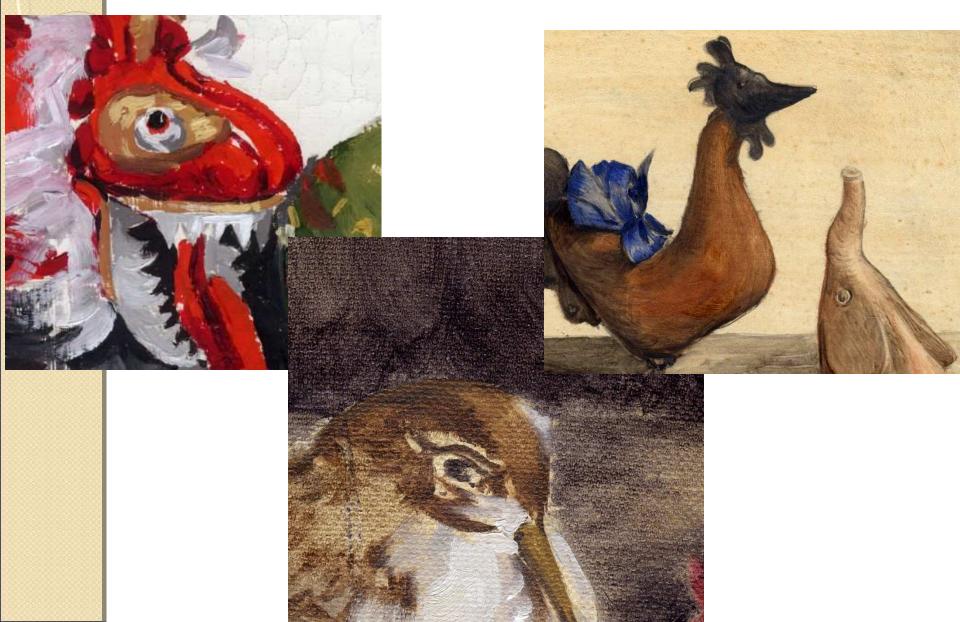
## A Second Validation Test





Some of the originals and copies painted by Charlotte.

# Variety of Materials and Styles



## Advantages of this Dataset

- Ground truth: we **know** which are "hesitating" copies and which are originals
- Uniform digital imaging conditions
  - Blur, lighting, etc. are same
  - High-quality direct digital scan of surface
- Variety of materials and styles

## Methods of Testing

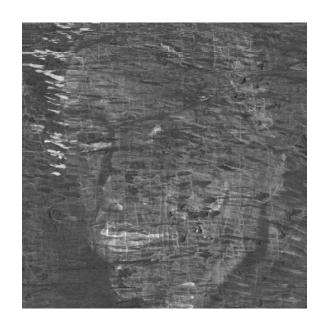


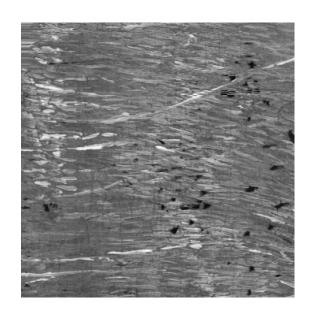
- Known materials test:
  - Cross-validation on all patches of all materials
  - Simulates having seen an original and a copy in these materials before.
- Unknown materials test:
  - Only learn from other paintings (other materials).

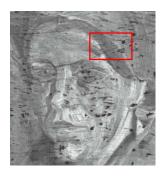




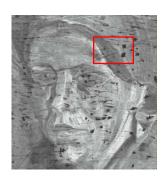


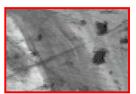












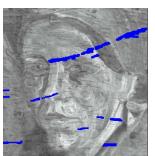




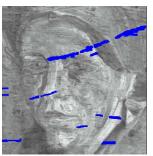










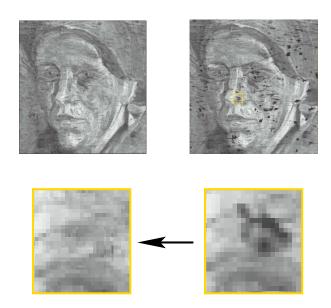
















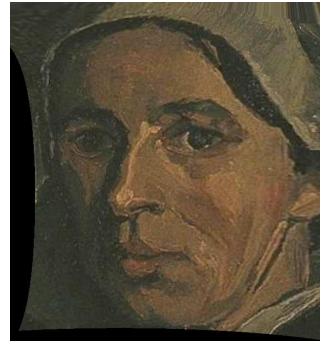




Sb Hg



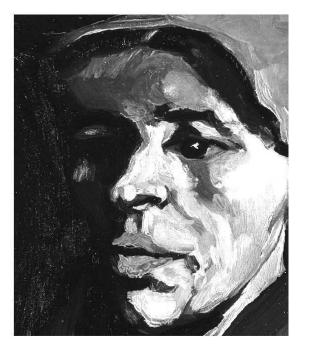




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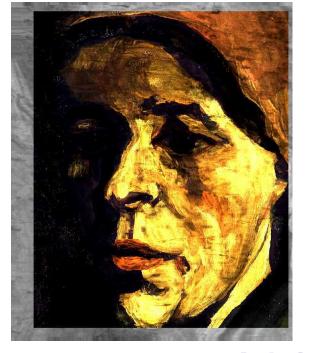


















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