

**Models You Can Count On Unit Test***Use additional paper as needed.***School Garden**

Springville Middle School orders three different types of bulbs for the students to plant. In early October, thirty-two students are selected to plant various amounts of lilies, tulips and alliums.

Each of the 32 students will plant one lily bulb.

1. What is the price for the lily order? Use the ratio table below to calculate the price for ordering 32 lily bulbs. Add more columns if necessary.

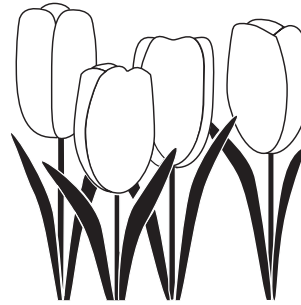
Number of Lily Bulbs	2				
Price (in dollars)	7.50				



Lilies
2 bulbs for \$7.50

Each of the 32 students will get three tulip bulbs to plant. 1 package of 6 bulbs costs \$8.25.

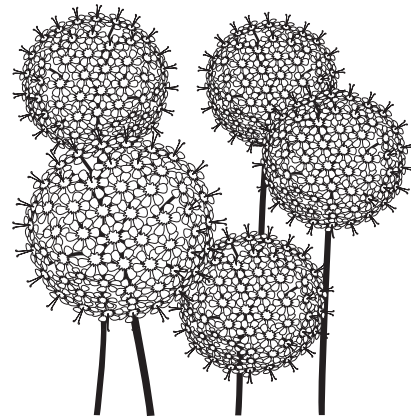
2. a. How many tulip bulbs will they need altogether?
b. What will be the total cost for tulip bulbs that need to be ordered? Show your work.



Tulips
6 bulbs for \$8.25

Each of the 32 students will get one allium bulb to plant.

3. a. How many packages of allium bulbs need to be ordered? Show your work.
b. Estimate the total cost of the allium bulbs.



Allium
1 package of 5 bulbs for \$7.99



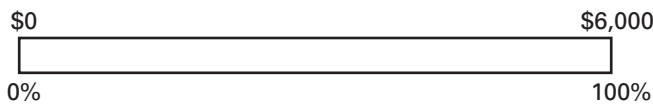
Fund Raising

All students of Springville Middle School will raise money for the school library. The goal is to collect a total of \$6,000 from fall to spring. Each month, the total amount collected will be shown on the “thermometer,” as pictured on the right.

- 4. How much money was collected by the end of October? Feel free to write on the thermometer

By the end of December, the total amount collected is about \$2,000 out of \$6,000.

- 5. a. Fill in the bar below to indicate that \$2,000 is collected so far.



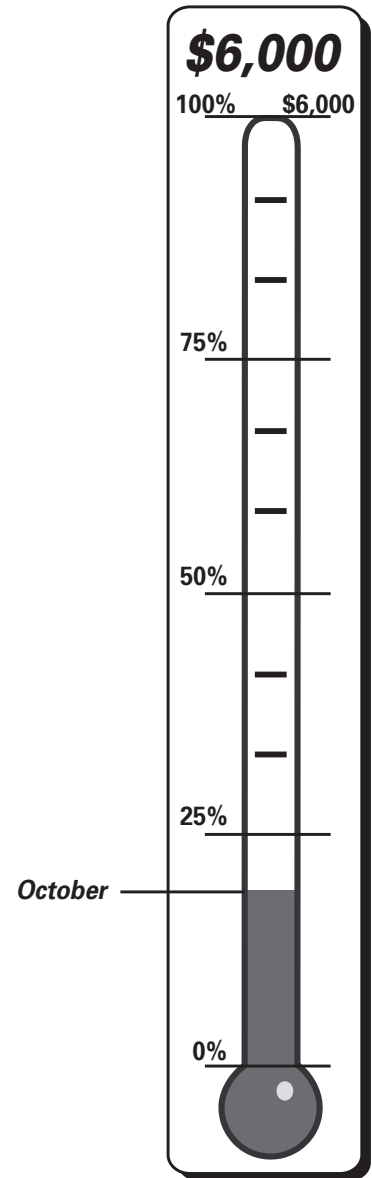
- b. What percentage was reached on the bar above?

In late April, the fund raising thermometer is at 95%.

- 6. How much money do they still need to reach their goal? Show your calculations.

In May, they were pleasantly surprised! They collected more than 100%! They collected \$6,600. This percentage cannot be shown on the thermometer.

- 7. What is this percentage? Show your work.



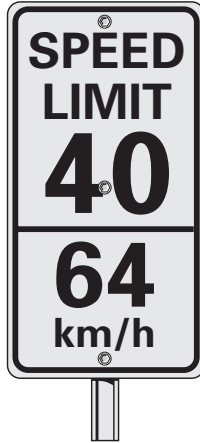
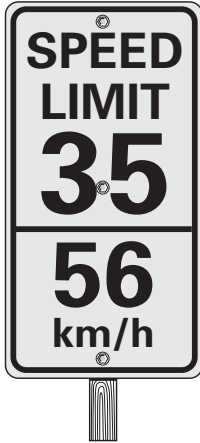


Use additional paper as needed.

Speed Limit

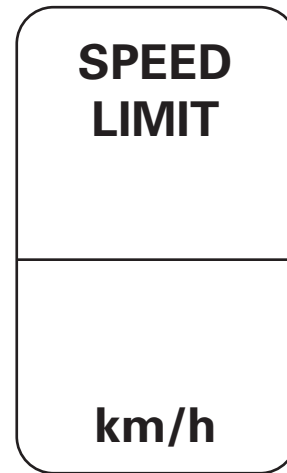
These signs are on a road in Mitchell, South Dakota.

On each sign, the numbers at the bottom show the speed limit in kilometers per hour.



8. a. What do the numbers on top of the signs represent?

b. Use the information shown in the drawings to create a new sign. Show how you calculated the numbers in the new sign.



c. A new sign is needed for a school zone with a speed limit of 20 miles per hour. What should the bottom number on the new sign be?

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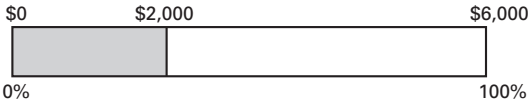



- d. The Thalys high speed train in Europe has a top commercial speed of 300 kilometers per hour. Use the information on the signs from problem 8 to help you estimate the train's speed in miles per hour.



Possible student answer	Suggested number of score points	Problem level																								
<p>1. Answer: \$120 Strategies may vary. Sample strategy using doubling:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Number of Lily Bulbs</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">2</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">4</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">8</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">16</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">32</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Price (in dollars)</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">7.50</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">15</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">30</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">60</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">120</td> </tr> </table>	<i>Number of Lily Bulbs</i>	2	4	8	16	32	<i>Price (in dollars)</i>	7.50	15	30	60	120	2	I												
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<p>2. a. Answer: 96 Bulbs</p> <p>b. Answer: \$132 Strategies may vary. Sample strategy:</p> <p>Three tulip bulbs for 32 students; need 96 bulbs. ($3 \times 32 = 96$ bulbs). The goal is to build up to 96 bulbs.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Number of Tulip Bulbs</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">6</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">60</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">30</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">96</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Price (in dollars)</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">8.25</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">82.50</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">41.25</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">132</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"></td> </tr> </table> <p>Or:</p> <p>One student needs 3 bulbs and 6 bulbs are in one package. Two students share one package. 32 students make 16 pairs, so they need to order 16 packages. The goal is to build up to 16 packages.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Number of Packages</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">2</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">4</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">8</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">16</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Price (in dollars)</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">8.25</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">16.50</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">33</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">66</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">132</td> </tr> </table>	<i>Number of Tulip Bulbs</i>	6	60	30	96		<i>Price (in dollars)</i>	8.25	82.50	41.25	132		<i>Number of Packages</i>	1	2	4	8	16	<i>Price (in dollars)</i>	8.25	16.50	33	66	132	2 2	I I
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<p>3 a. Seven packages. Sample reasoning: Six packages make 30 bulbs. I need two more bulbs, order seven packages.</p> <p>b. A little less than \$56. Strategies may var. Sample strategies, using \$8.00 for \$7.99: Seven packages, 5 per package, I need 35 bulbs. The goal is to build up to 35 bulbs.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Number of Allium Bulbs</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">5</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">10</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">20</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">35</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Price (in dollars)</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">8</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">16</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">32</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">56</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"></td> </tr> </table> <p>Or:</p> <p>The goal is to build up to 7 packages.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Number of Packages</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">7</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><i>Price (in dollars)</i></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">8</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">56</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"></td> </tr> </table>	<i>Number of Allium Bulbs</i>	5	10	20	35		<i>Price (in dollars)</i>	8	16	32	56		<i>Number of Packages</i>	1	7		<i>Price (in dollars)</i>	8	56		1 2	I I				
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Models You Can Count On Unit Test Solution and Scoring Guide

Possible student answer	Suggested number of score points	Problem level
<p>4. Answer: \$1,000 Strategies may vary. Sample strategy:</p> <p>I noticed that each quarter was divided into thirds. This makes 12 equal parts for the entire \$6,000. Two parts of the twelve are shaded. At first I thought this would be messy, since I didn't have my calculator. But then I remembered two out of twelve is the same as one out of six. This made the problem much easier; one-sixth of \$6,000 is \$1,000.</p>	1	I
<p>5. a. One third of the bar should be shaded.</p>  <p>b. Answer: $33\frac{1}{3}\%$. Accept 33% with justification. Sample justification for $33\frac{1}{3}\%$: \$2,000 is $\frac{1}{3}$ of \$6,000, so $\frac{1}{3}$ of 100% is $33\frac{1}{3}\%$.</p>	1	I/II
<p>6. Answer: \$300. Calculations may vary. Sample explanation using a percent bar:</p>  <p>After shading 95%, I realized I am only 5% short of the goal. I know 10% of \$6,000 is \$600. Half of 10% is 5%, so half of \$600 is \$300.</p>	2	II
<p>7. Answer: 110% Sample explanation:</p> <p>\$6,000 is 100%, and I need to account for \$600 more. Lucky for me, I know \$600 is 10% of \$6,000, so together they have 100% + 10% or 110%. This means \$6,600 is 110% of \$6,000.</p>	2	I/II
<p>7. Answer: 110% Sample explanation:</p> <p>\$6,000 is 100%, and I need to account for \$600 more. Lucky for me, I know \$600 is 10% of \$6,000, so together they have 100% + 10% or 110%. This means \$6,600 is 110% of \$6,000.</p>	1	III

