HOGESCHOOL



Algebraic reasoning in primary school

Summerschool workshop 18-8-2022

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Early algebra

- Short introduction of the research project
- Working with the hanging mobile
- Student work



Beyond Flatland Project

Goal: Introduce more mathematical reasoning in primary school

→ Stimulate higher-orde thinking

Focus on grade 5

Three mathematical domains:

- Dynamic data modelling (graphs)
- Probability
- Algebra





Algebraic reasoning

- In the Netherlands, teaching algebra starts in secondary school
- However, there is much evidence that it can successfully be implemented in the primary grades (Blanton et al., 2015; Kaput et al., 2008; Van den Heuvel-Panhuizen et al., 2013)

e.g. 10-year olds solving linear equations with unknowns on both sides of the equal sign

2T + 7 = T + 20 (Brizuela & Schliemann, 2004)

- EARLY algebra
- Does not mean: teach formal algebra only at younger ages



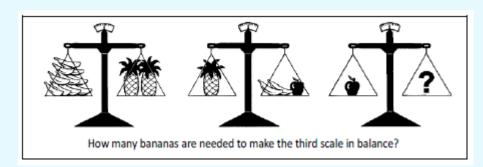
Early algebra

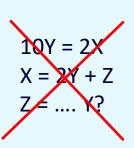
Goal: develop a teaching sequence (for grade 5) consisting of six lessons about early algebra

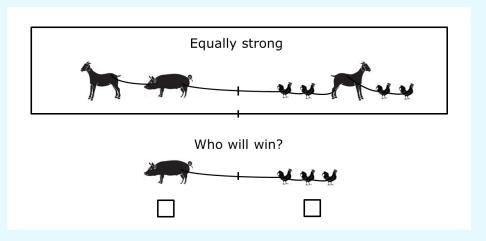


Development of Teaching Sequence: Focus on equations

- Broad domain of algebra, chose to focus on equations
- Informal algebra
- More specifically: use context-based equation-like problems as starting point instead of formal equations









Embodiment Theory

Offering students **bodily experiences** with a certain (mathematical) concept, can contribute to a deeper understanding of this concept.

E.g. offering perceptuo-motor experiences



So far

Developing teaching sequence

- Informal linear equations
- Embodiment theory

I will now show let you work on the assignment which we developed for primary school students.



Assignment

5 groups

Assignment: Discover what things can be done while keeping the hanging mobile straight

→ Make a poster of your findings

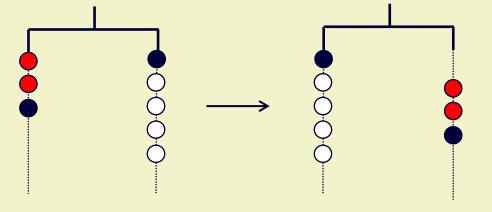


Discussion of findings

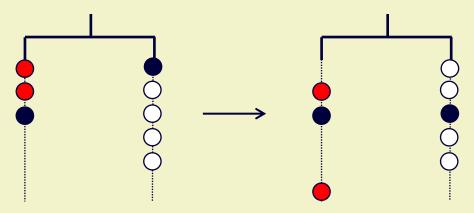
What things can be done while keeping the hanging mobile straight?



• Change L/R

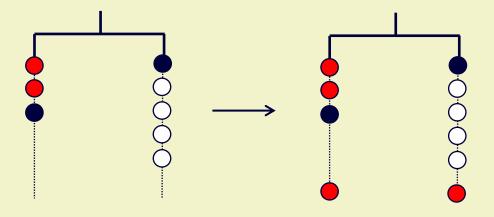


 Change order of bags on one side



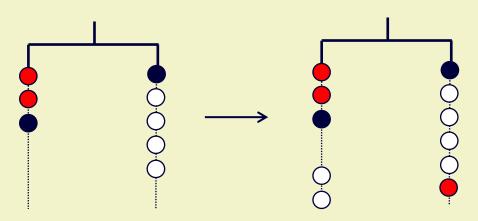


 Add (similar) bags on both sides



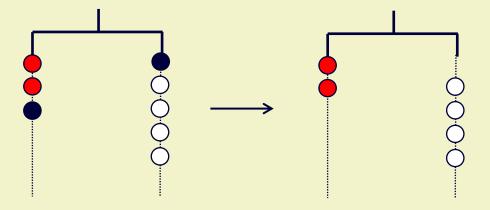
Add bags

 (based on ratio) on both
 sides

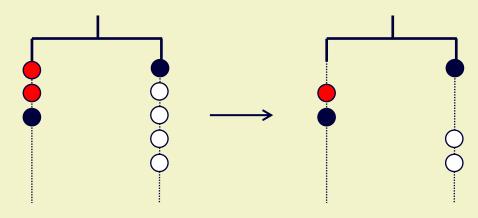




 Take away (similar) bags on both sides

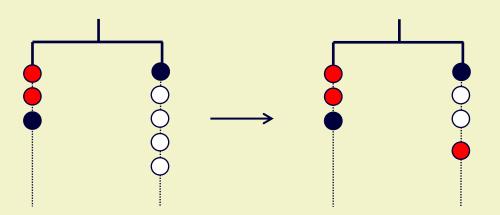


 Take away bags (based on ratio) on both sides





 Replace bags of certain color by another color (based on the ratio)



• ...



Discussion in groups

Which algebraic principles/concepts/strategies can be found in this task?



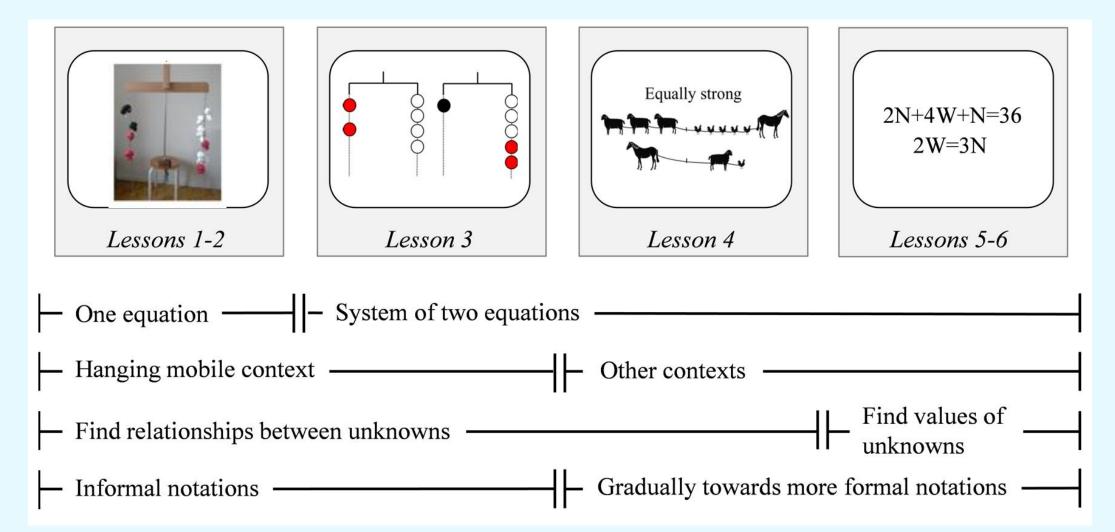
Algebraic concepts/principles: what we thought of

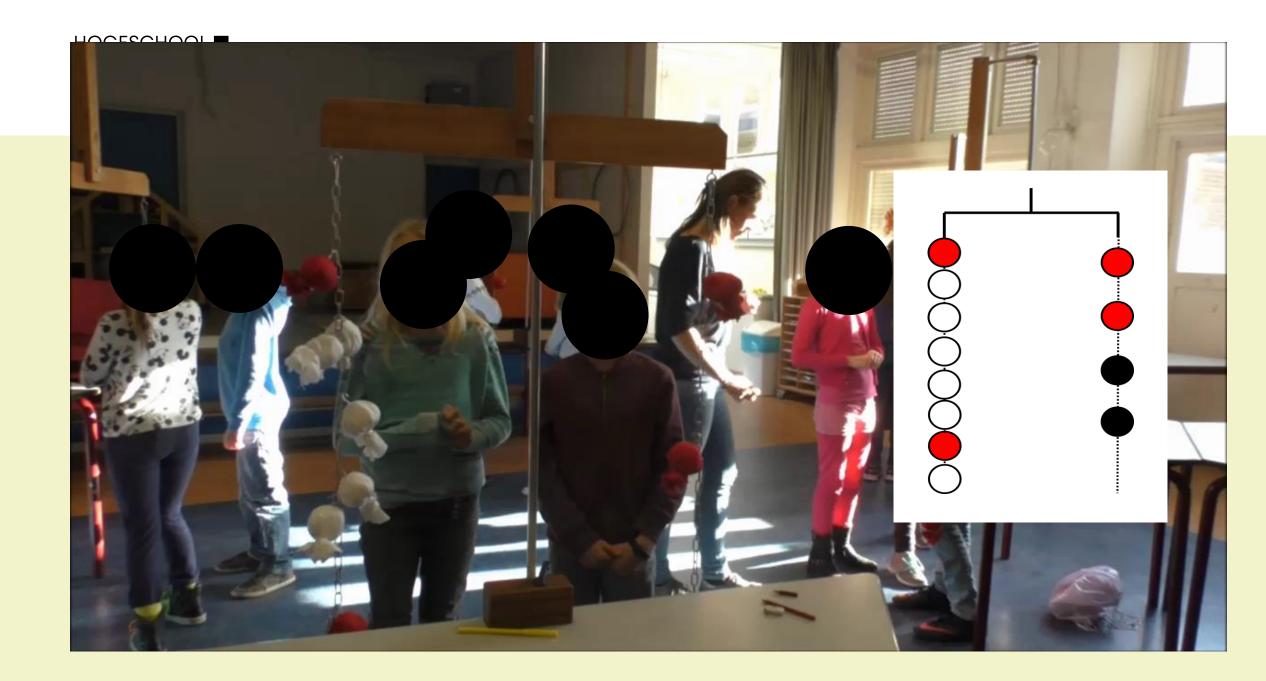
- Equality / equivalence
- Restructuring principle:
 - Change L/R side
 - Change order of bags on one side
- Isolation principle:
 - Take away similar bags
 - Take away bags based on ratio
- Substitution principle:
 - Replace bags of certain color by another color
- Context-based notations
- Language
- ...?

Algebraic strategies



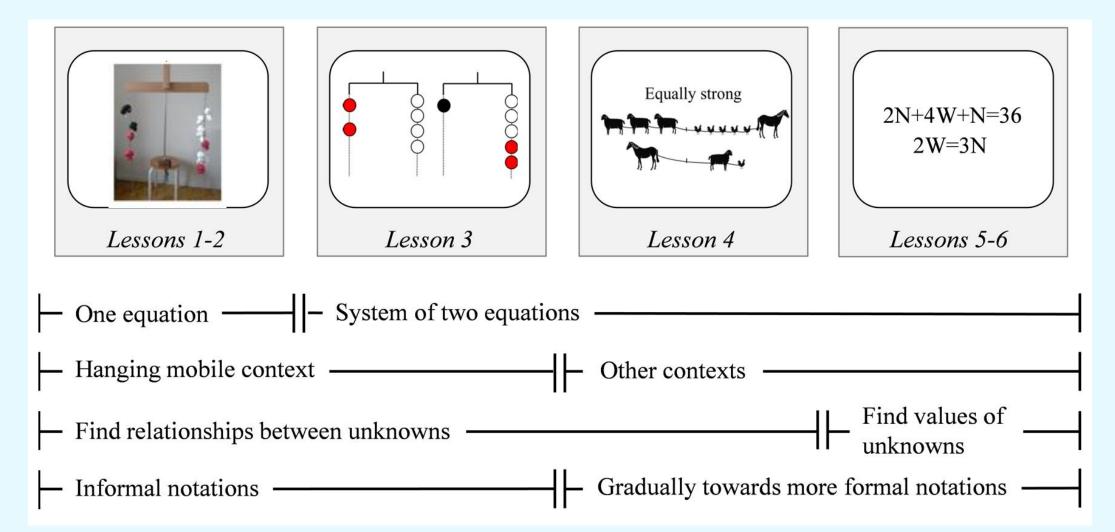
The teaching sequence



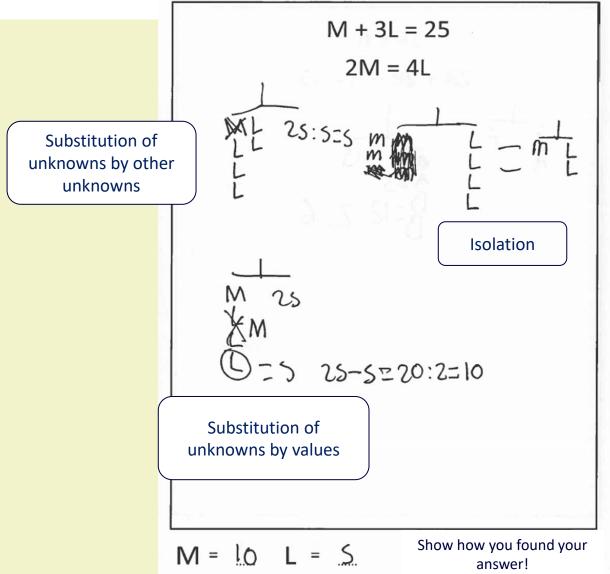




The teaching sequence



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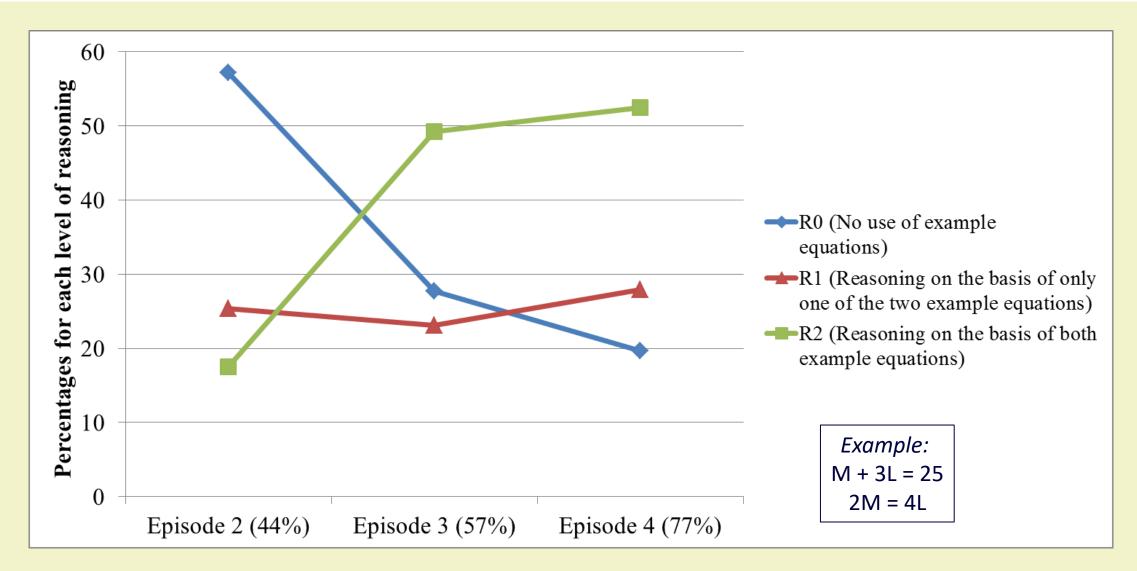
What do we see?

Indications for a relationship between the experiences with the hanging mobile and algebraic reasoning in other contexts

- Students' use of the model
- Use of strategies
- Descriptions in terms of actions



All students together





Overall conclusions

Learning environment with the hanging mobile appears to be a suitable context for developing algebraic reasoning. Students' algebraic reasoning improved over the lessons.

- →Continuous learning strand from primary to secondary edcation
- → Higher-order thinking



Thanks for your attention Are there any questions?

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References related to dissertation

Articles:

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Whole dissertation: Otten, M. (2020). Algebraic reasoning in primary school: A balancing act [doctoral dissertation]. Utrecht University http://dspace.library.uu.nl/handle/1874/400332



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